
**User's
Manual**

Models
UD310, UD320, UD350
Manual Setters



IM 05F01F12-41E

Note: This user's manual (IM 05F01F12-41E) is a re-edited, A4-size version of the IM 05F01F12-01E user's manual that is supplied along with the product shipped. Therefore, both manuals have the same contents, except for some minor differences in the cross-referenced page numbers.

Revision Record

- Manual No. : IM 05F01F12-41E(3rd Edition)
- Title : Models UD310,UD320,UD350 Manual Setters

| Edition | Date | Revised Item |
|---------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| First | Feb.,2001 | Newly published |
| Second | Sep.,2003 | Correct |
| Third | Jun.,2004 | Change of the company name. |

Please read through this user's manual to ensure correct usage of the manual setter and keep it handy for quick reference.

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■ Checking Package Contents

Before using the product, check that its model & suffix codes are as you ordered.

Model and Suffix Codes

| Model | Suffix code | Description |
|--|-------------|--|
| UD310 UD320 UD350 | | UD310 Manual Setter 4 to 20 mADC output (48×48×100 mm) UD320 Manual Setter 4 to 20 mADC output (48×96×100 mm) UD350 Manual Setter 4 to 20 mADC output (96×96×100 mm) |
| Fixed code | -0 | Always 0 |
| Fixed code | 0 | Always 0 |
| Option | /V24 | Power Supply 24V DC / 24V AC |

* 2 Alarm outputs and PV retransmission output in 4 to 20 mA built in as standard.

Check the package contents against the list below.

- Manual Setter 1
- Mounting bracket 1 for UD310
2 for UD320, UD350
- User's manual 1

1. NOTICE

The following safety symbol is used both on the product and in this user's manual.



This symbol stands for "Handle with Care." When displayed on the product, the operator should refer to the corresponding explanation given in the user's manual in order to avoid injury or death of personnel and/or damage to the product. In the manual the symbol is accompanied by an explanation of the special care that is required to avoid shock or other dangers that may result in injury or loss of life.

The following symbols are used in this manual only.



Indicates that operating the hardware or software in a particular manner may lead to damage or result in system failure.

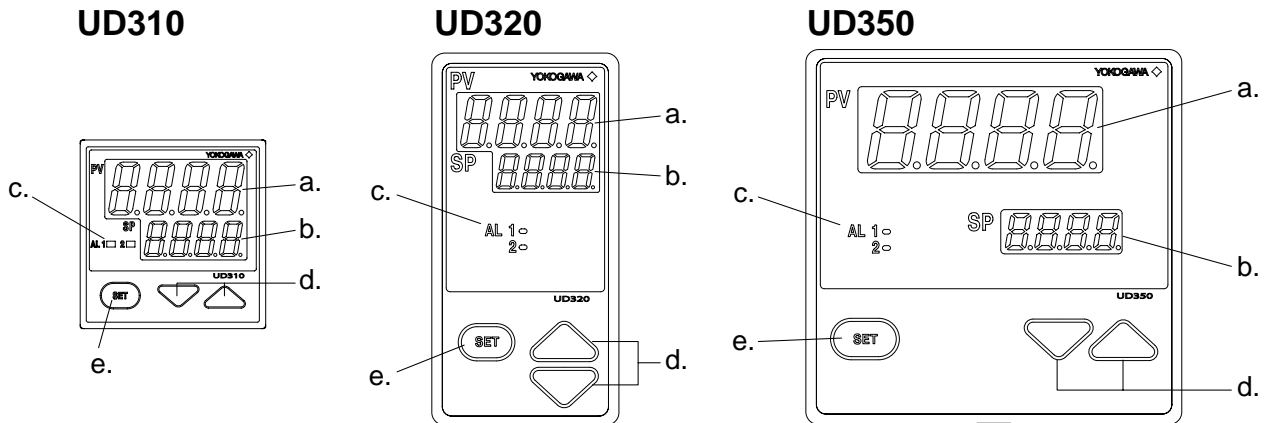


Draws attention to information that is essential for understanding the operation and/or features of the product.

■ Exemption from Responsibility

Make sure that all of the precautions are strictly adhered to. Yokogawa Electric Corporation assumes no liability for any damage resulting from use of the instrument in contradiction to the precautions. Also, Yokogawa Electric Corporation assumes no liability to any party for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, caused by the use or any unpredictable defect of the instrument.




2. WHAT IS ON THE FRONT PANEL?



■ Monitoring Parts

| | Name | Function |
|----|----------------------|--|
| a. | PV display (red) | Indicates PV (measured value) and character information such as parameter codes and error codes. PV goes out when the setup parameter "PVD" is set to OFF. |
| b. | SP display (green) | Indicates SP (target setpoint) and character information such as parameter setpoints. |
| c. | AL1, AL2 lamps (red) | AL1 : Lit when alarm 1 is activated. AL2 : Lit when alarm 2 is activated. |

■ Operating Parts (See 7. Key operations)

| | Name | Function |
|----|--|--|
| d. | Data change key  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changes SP(target setpoint) and the parameter values. Pressing this key increases the data value. SP (target setpoint) will be output in 3 seconds after the change. Holding down the key will gradually increase the speed of changes. |
| | Data change key  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changes SP(target setpoint) and the parameter setpoints. Pressing this key decreases the data value. SP (target setpoint) will be output in 3 seconds after the change. Holding down the key will gradually decrease the speed of changes. |
| e. | SET key (parameter data registering key)  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registers the parameter setpoint changed using the data change keys. Switches between parameter setting displays sequentially. Pressing the key for 3 seconds or longer in the operating display retrieves the operating parameter setting display. Pressing the key for 3 seconds or longer in operating or setup parameter setting display transfers back to operating display. |

3. INSTALLING THE MANUAL SETTER



To prevent electric shock, the source of power to the manual setter must be turned off when mounting the manual setter on to a panel.

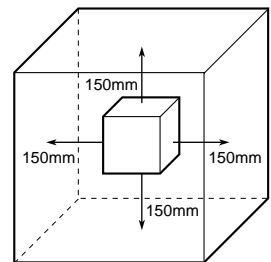


To install the manual setter, select a location where:

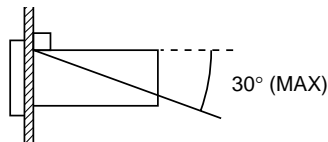
- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. No-one may accidentally touch the terminals; | 6. There are no resulting magnetic disturbances; |
| 2. Mechanical vibrations are minimal; | 7. The terminal board (reference junction compensation element, etc.) is protected from wind; |
| 3. Corrosive gas is minimal; | 8. There is no splashing of water; and |
| 4. The temperature can be maintained at about 23°C with minimal fluctuation; | 9. There are no flammable materials. |
| 5. There is no direct heat radiation; | |

Never place the manual setter directly on flammable items.

If the manual setter has to be installed close to flammable items or equipment, be sure to enclose the manual setter in shielding panels positioned at least 150mm away from each side. These panels should be made of either 1.43mm thick metal-plated steel plates or 1.6mm thick uncoated steel plates.



- Mount the manual setter at an angle within 30° from horizontal with the screen facing upward. Do not mount it facing downward.



■ Mounting the Manual Setter

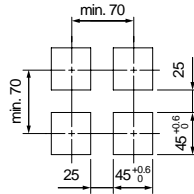
| | |
|---|---|
| <p>UD310</p> <p>1. Affix the bracket over the back end of the manual setter.</p> <p>2. Push the bracket to the panel, and then secure the bracket into position.</p> <p>Panel</p> <p>UD310</p> <p>Bracket</p> <p>[How to remove the bracket] To remove the bracket, push down the center of the upper and lower parts of the manual setter softly. The bracket is released from the latch.</p> | <p>UD320, UD350</p> <p>Panel</p> <p>Large bracket (top)</p> <p>Terminal board</p> <p>Direction for mounting</p> <p>Small bracket (bottom)</p> <p>Insert a screwdriver into the brackets to tighten the screws.</p> <p>Insert the manual setter into the opening with the terminal board facing the front. Set and tighten the top and bottom brackets on the manual setter to fix it on the panel.</p> |
|---|---|

4. PANEL CUTOUT DIMENSIONS AND EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



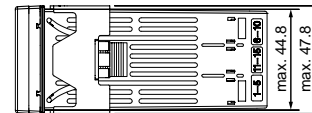
Splash-proof construction is not available when the side-by-side close mounting method shown in the following figures, is chosen for any of the manual setters.

1. General Mounting

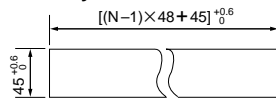


UD310

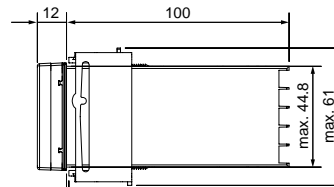
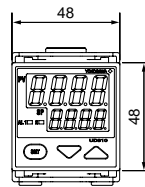
Unit: mm



2. Side-by-side Close Mounting

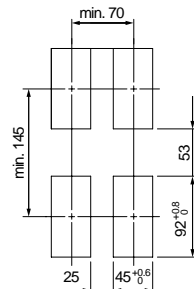


N is the number of manual setters.
If $N \geq 5$, then measure the actual length.



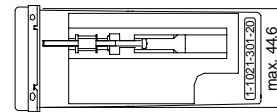
Panel thickness
1 to 10

1. General Mounting

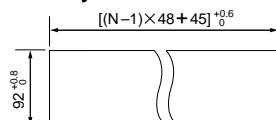


UD320

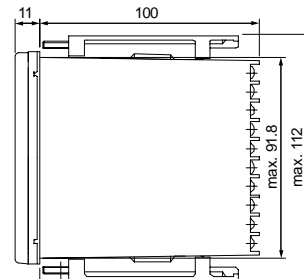
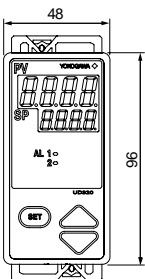
Unit: mm



2. Side-by-side Close Mounting

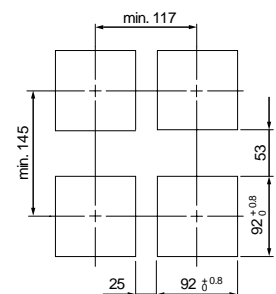


N is the number of manual setters.
If $N \geq 5$, then measure the actual length.



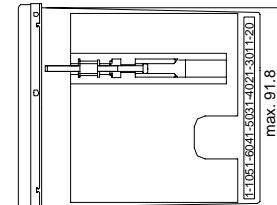
Panel thickness
1 to 10

1. General Mounting

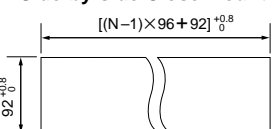


UD350

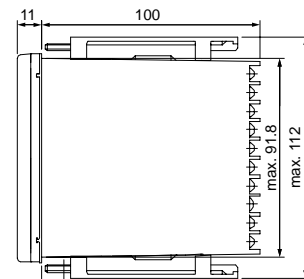
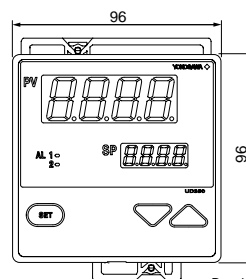
Unit: mm



2. Side-by-side Close Mounting



N is the number of manual setters.
If $N \geq 5$, then measure the actual length.



Panel thickness
1 to 10

5. WIRING



- 1) Before you start wiring, turn off the power source and use a tester to check that the manual setter and cables are not receiving any power in order to prevent electric shock.
 - 2) For safety, be sure to install a circuit breaker switch (of 5A and 100V AC or 220V AC, and that conforms to IEC60947) near the instrument so as to be operated easily, and clearly indicate that the device is used to de-energize the instrument.
 - 3) Wiring should be carried out by personnel with appropriate electrical knowledge and experience.
-



- 1) Use a single-phase power source. If the source has a lot of noise, use an isolation transformer for the primary side and a line filter (we recommend TDK's ZAC2205-00U product) for the secondary side. When this noise-prevention measure is taken, keep the primary and secondary power cables well apart. Since the manual setter has no fuse, be sure to install a circuit breaker switch (of 5A and 100V AC or 220V AC, and that conforms to IEC standards) and clearly indicate that the device is used to de-energize the manual setter.
 - 2) For thermocouple input, use shielded compensating lead wires. For RTD input, use shielded wires which have low resistance and no resistance difference between the 3 wires. See the table given later for the specifications of the cables and terminals and the recommended products.
 - 3) The alarm output relay cannot be replaced even though it has a limited service life (100,000 relay contacts for the resistance load). Thus, an auxiliary relay should be used so that the load can be turned on and off.
 - 4) When using an inductive load (L) such as an auxiliary relay and solenoid valve, be sure to insert a CR filter (for AC) or diode (for DC) in parallel as a spark-rejecting surge suppressor to prevent malfunctions or damage to the relay.
 - 5) When there is the possibility of being struck by external lightning surge, use the arrester to protect the instrument.
-



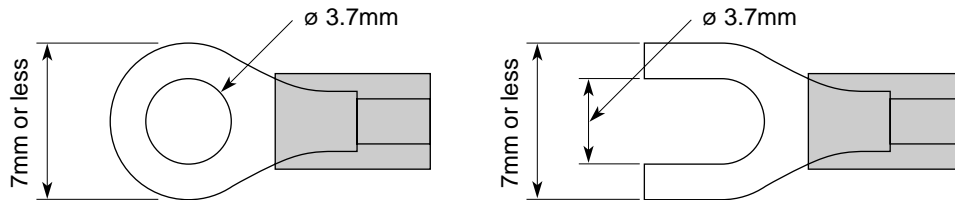
- Always fix a terminal cover bracket to the UD310 manual setter before wiring if an optional anti-electric-shock terminal cover (part number: L4000FB) is used.
 - Two types of optional anti-electric-shock terminal covers (part numbers T9115YE and T9115YD) are available for the UD320 and UD350 manual setters, respectively.
-

● Cable Specifications and Recommended Products

| | |
|--|---|
| Power supply and relay contact output | 600V vinyl insulated wire/cable, JIS C3307, 0.9 to 2.0mm ² |
| Thermocouple input | Shielded compensating lead wire, JIS C1610 |
| RTD input | Shielded wire (3-wire), UL2482 (Hitachi cable) |
| Other signals | Shielded wire |

● Recommended Terminals

Use M3.5 screw-compatible crimp-on terminals with an insulating sleeve, as shown below.

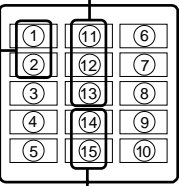
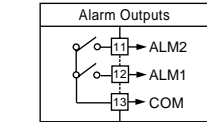
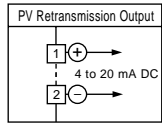


Model UD310-00 Terminal Arrangement

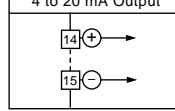


NOTE

Do not use unassigned terminals as relay terminals.

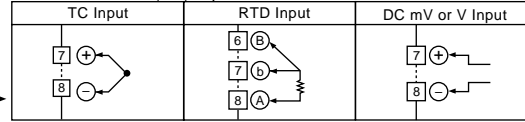


Manual Setting (SP) Output



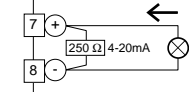
Measured Value (PV) Input

Universal input-selectable input type



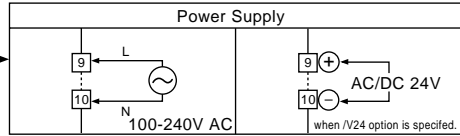
Receiving 4-20 mA DC Current Signals with the Manual Setter

* When receiving 4-20 mA DC current signals, set the PV input type to 1-5 V DC (setpoint "22").



Note: Connecting a 250 Ω resistor to the terminals is optional.
Model: X010-250-2 (resistor with M3.5 crimp-on terminal lugs)

Power Supply



CAUTION

To prevent damage to the manual setter, never provide 100-240V AC power supply for power supply AC/DC 24V model (when "/N24" is specified).



NOTE

The ⊕ and ⊖ stand for the polarity for DC 24V power supply.

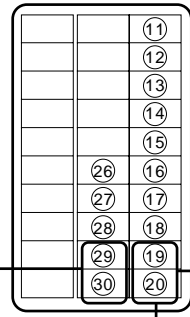
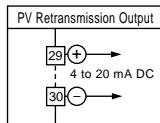
Models UD320-00/UD350-00 Terminal Arrangement

Note: The terminal arrangements of the UD320 and UD350 are the same.

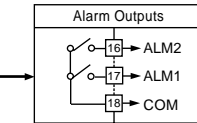
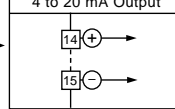


NOTE

Do not use unassigned terminals as relay terminals.

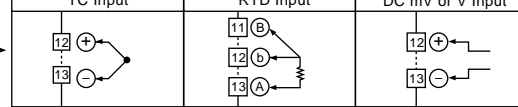


Manual Setting (SP) Output



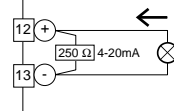
Measured Value (PV) Input

Universal input-selectable input type



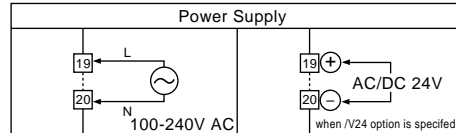
Receiving 4-20 mA DC Current Signals with the Manual Setter

* When receiving 4-20 mA DC current signals, set the PV input type to 1-5 V DC (setpoint "22").



Note: Connecting a 250 Ω resistor to the terminals is optional.
Model: X010-250-2 (resistor with M3.5 crimp-on terminal lugs)

Power Supply



CAUTION

To prevent damage to the manual setter, never provide 100-240V AC power supply for power supply AC/DC 24V model (when "/N24" is specified).



NOTE

The ⊕ and ⊖ stand for the polarity for DC 24V power supply.

6. HARDWARE SPECIFICATIONS

Measured Value (PV) Input

- Input: 1 point
 - Input type: Universal; can be selected by software
 - Input accuracy (at 23 ±2°C ambient temperature)
 - Thermocouple: ±2°C ±1digit
 - However,
 - ±4°C for thermocouple input -200 to -100°C
 - ±3°C for thermocouple input -100 to 0°C
 - ±5°C for types R and S (±9°C for 0 to 500°C)
 - ±9°C for type B (accuracy is not guaranteed for 0 to 400°C)
 - RTD: ±1°C ±1digit
 - Voltage(mV, V) : ±0.3% ±1digit
 - Sampling period for measured value input: 500ms
 - Burn-out detection: Functions for thermocouple or RTD input (burn-out upscale only; cannot be switched off)
 - Input resistance: 1MΩ or greater for thermocouple or DC mV input. Approx. 1MΩ for DC V input
 - Maximum allowable signal source resistance :
 - 250Ω for thermocouple or DC mV input
 - 2kΩ for DC V input
 - Maximum allowable wiring resistance for RTD input: 10Ω/wire (The resistance values of three wires must be the same.)
 - Allowable input voltage: ±10V DC for thermocouple or DC mV input ±20V DC for DC V input
 - Noise rejection ratio: Normal mode noise: Min. 40dB (50/60Hz) Common mode noise: Min. 120dB (Min. 90dB for DC V input)
 - Error of reference junction compensation: ±1.5°C (at 15-35°C) ±2.0°C (at 0-50°C)
- The reference junction compensation cannot be switched off.
- Applicable standards: Thermocouple and resistance temperature detector(RTD) JIS/IEC/DIN (ITS90)

Manual Setting (SP) Output

- SP (target setpoint) will be output in 3 seconds after the change.
- Output: 1 point
 - Output type: Current output
 - Output signal: 4 to 20mA current output
 - Maximum load resistance: 600Ω
 - Output accuracy: ±0.3% of span (at 23±2°C ambient temperature)

Alarm Functions

Alarm Functions

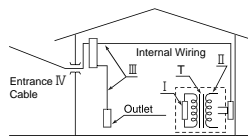
- Alarm types: 22 types (waiting action can be set by software): PV high limit, PV low limit, Deviation high limit, Deviation low limit, De-energized on deviation high limit, Deviation high and low limits, Deviation within high and low limits, De-energized on PV high limit, De-energized on PV low limit, Fault diagnosis output, FAIL output
- Alarm output: 2 relay contacts
- Relay contact capacity: 1A at 240V AC or 1A at 30V DC (with resistance load) (COM terminal is common)
- Note: The alarm output relays cannot be replaced by users

Retransmission Output

- Output signal: Measured value in 4-20mA DC, can be scaled.
- Maximum load resistance: 600Ω
- Output accuracy: ±0.3% of span (at 23±2°C ambient temperature)

Safety and EMC Standards

- Safety: Compliant with IEC/EN61010-1: 2001, approved by CSA1010, approved by UL508. Installation category : CAT. II (IEC/EN61010, CSA1010) Pollution degree : 2 (IEC/EN61010, CSA1010) Measurement category : I (CAT. I : IEC/EN61010) Rated measurement input voltage : 10V DC max.(across terminals), 300V AC max.(across ground) Rated transient overvoltage : 1500V (Note) Note : It is a value on the safety standard which is assumed by IEC/EN61010-1 in measurement category I, and is not the value which guarantees an apparatus performance. Caution: This equipment has Measurement category I, therefore do not use the equipment for measurements within measurement categories II, III and IV.



| Measurement category | Description | Remarks |
|----------------------|--|---|
| I CAT. I | For measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS. | |
| II CAT. II | For measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. | Appliances, portable equipments, etc. |
| III CAT. III | For measurements performed in the building installation. | Distribution board, circuit breaker, etc. |
| IV CAT. IV | For measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation. | Overhead wire, cable systems, etc. |

- EMC standards: Complies with EN61326. The instrument continues to operate at a measuring accuracy of within ±20% of the range during tests.

Power Supply and Isolation

Power Supply

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Power supply | Voltage | Rated at 100-240VAC (±10%) AC/DC 24V, 20 to 29V of allowable range when "/V24" is specified. |
| | Frequency | 50 or 60Hz |
| Maximum power consumption | | 8VA max. (4W max.) 3W max. when "/V24" is specified. |
| Memory | | Non-volatile memory |
| Withstanding voltage | Between primary terminals and secondary terminals (See Notes 1 and 2.) | 1500V AC for 1 minute |
| Insulation resistance | Between primary terminals and secondary terminals (See Notes 1 and 2.) | 20MΩ or more at 500V DC |

Note 1: The primary terminals are the power supply terminals and alarm output terminals.

The secondary terminals are the analog input and output terminals.

Note 2: AC/DC 24V terminals are secondary terminals.

Isolation

The bold lines below indicate reinforced isolation, and the broken line indicates functional isolation.

| | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power supply terminals (100-240V AC) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power supply terminals AC/DC 24V (When "/V24" is specified) • Measured value input terminals • Internal circuit |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm output terminals (2 relay contacts) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual setting output terminals : 4-20 mA • Retransmission output terminals : 4-20 mA |

Note: The measured value input terminals is isolated from the internal circuit.

Construction, Mounting, and Wiring

- Construction: Dust-proof and drip-proof front panel conforming to IP65 [Model UD310] and IP55 [Models UD320 and UD350]. For side-by-side close installation the controller loses its dust-proof and drip-proof protection.
- Casing: ABS resin and polycarbonate
- Case color: Black
- Weight: UD310 - approx. 200g
UD320 - approx. 300g
UD350 - approx. 400g
- Mounting: Flush panel mounting

Environmental Conditions

Normal Operating Conditions

- Warm-up time: At least 30 minutes
- Ambient temperature: 0-50°C (0-40°C when mounted side-by-side)
- Rate of change of temperature: 10°C/h or less
- Ambient humidity: 20-90% RH (no condensation allowed)
- Magnetic field: 400A/m or less
- Continuous vibrations of 5 to 14Hz: Amplitude of 1.2mm or less
- Continuous vibrations of 14 to 150Hz: 4.9m/s² (0.5G) or less
- Short-period vibrations: 14.7m/s² (1.5G) for 15 seconds or less
- Shock: 98m/s² (10G) for 11 milliseconds or less
- Mounting angle: Upward incline of up to 30 degrees; downward incline is not allowed.
- Altitude: 2000m or less above sea level

Maximum Effects from Operating Conditions

- (1) Temperature effects
- Thermocouple, DC mV and DC V input: ±2μV/°C or ±0.02% of F.S./°C, whichever is larger
 - Resistance temperature detector: ±0.05°C/°C
 - Analog output: ±0.05% of F.S./°C
- (2) Effect from fluctuation of power supply voltage (within rated voltage range)
- Analog input: ±0.2μV/V or ±0.002% of F.S./V, whichever is larger
 - Analog output: ±0.05% of F.S./V
- ### Transportation and Storage Conditions
- Temperature: -25 to 70°C
 - Humidity: 5 to 95% RH (no condensation allowed)
 - Shock: Package drop height 90cm (when packed in the dedicated package)

7. KEY OPERATIONS

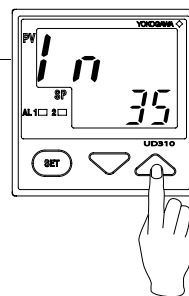


To prevent electric shock, the manual setter should be mounted on the panel so as not to accidentally touch the terminals when power is being applied.

- (1) You can move between parameter setting displays using the **SET** key.
- (2) To change the parameter setpoint,
 - (i) Change the display value with the ∇ or \triangle key (the period flashes).
 - (ii) Press the **SET** key to register the setpoint.
- (3) In the operating display, pressing the **SET** key for at least 3 seconds retrieves the operating parameter setting display.
- (4) In the operating parameter setting display, pressing the **SET** key for at least 3 seconds transfers back to the operating display.
Registering the key-lock parameter LOC to “-1” retrieves the setup parameter setting display.
- (5) In the setup parameter setting display, pressing the **SET** key for at least 3 seconds transfers back to the operating display.

● UD310/UD320/UD350 Measured Input Type and Ranges

| Input type | Range (°C) | Range code (°C) | Range (°F) | Range code (°F) | |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|----|
| Unspecified | | OFF | | | |
| Thermocouple | K | -270 to 1370.0°C | 1 | -300 to 2500°F | 31 |
| | | 0.0 to 600.0°C | 2 | 32.0 to 999.9°F | 32 |
| | | 0.0 to 400.0°C | 3 | 32.0 to 750.0°F | 33 |
| | | -199.9 to 200.0°C | 4 | -300 to 400°F | 34 |
| | J | -199.9 to 999.9°C | 5 | -300 to 2100°F | 35 |
| | T | -199.9 to 400.0°C | 6 | -300 to 750°F | 36 |
| | E | -199.9 to 999.9°C | 7 | -300 to 1800°F | 37 |
| | R | 0 to 1700°C | 8 | 32 to 3100°F | 38 |
| | S | 0 to 1700°C | 9 | 32 to 3100°F | 39 |
| | B | 0 to 1800°C | 10 | 32 to 3200°F | 40 |
| | N | -200 to 1300°C | 11 | -300 to 2400°F | 41 |
| | L | -199.9 to 900.0°C | 12 | -300 to 1600°F | 42 |
| | U | -199.9 to 400.0°C | 13 | -300 to 750°F | 43 |
| | Platinel 2 | 0 to 1390°C | 14 | 32 to 2500°F | 44 |
| RTD | Pt100 | -199.9 to 850.0°C | 15 | -199.9 to 999.9°F | 45 |
| | | 0.0 to 400.0°C | 16 | 32.0 to 750.0°F | 46 |
| | | -199.9 to 200.0°C | 17 | -300 to 400°F | 47 |
| | | -19.9 to 99.9°C | 18 | -199.9 to 999.9°F | 48 |
| | JPt100 | -199.9 to 500.0°C | 19 | | |
| DC voltage | 0 to 100mV | 0.0 to 100.0 | User-scalable | 20 | |
| | 0 to 5V | 0.000 to 5.000 | | 21 | |
| | 1 to 5V | 1.000 to 5.000 | | 22 | |
| | 0 to 10V | 0.00 to 10.00 | | 23 | |



For example, to select thermocouple type J (°F), set the range code to 35.



At power-on, the manual setter displays the operating display, but if the measured input type setting remains OFF, “IN” appears. In this case, press the \triangle key to display the measured input range code you want to use, then press the **SET** key to register it. (Refer to the flowchart below.)



The manual setter is shipped with the parameters set at the factory-set defaults. Check the default values against the "Parameter Lists" in the page 13 and 14, and change the parameter setpoints that need to be changed.

This section explains how to set and register parameter setpoints.

The procedure for changing Target Setpoint(SP) and Alarm 1 Setpoint(A1) can be found on "Changing Target Setpoint(SP)" and "Changing Alarm 1 Setpoint(A1)".

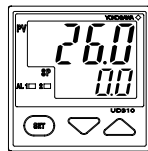
You can set the other parameters in the same way.

■ Changing Target Setpoint (SP)

The following instructions assume that the manual setter is already receiving power. SP (target setpoint) value will be output in 3 seconds after the change.

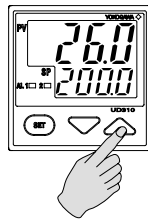
Step 1:

Confirm that the manual setter shows the operating display during normal operation (PV and SP are displayed on the indicators).



Step 2:

Press the ∇ or \triangle key to change the SP display value to the required setpoint. In this example, SP is changed to 200°C.



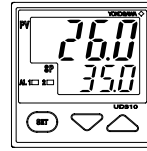
■ Changing Alarm 1 Setpoint (A1)

Check alarm type before setting the alarm setpoint.
Factory-set settings:

Alarm 1 type : OFF
Alarm 2 type : OFF

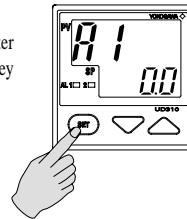
Step 1:

Confirm that the manual setter shows the operating display during normal operation (PV and SP are displayed on the indicators).



Step 2:

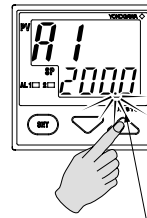
To enter the operating parameter setting display, press the SET key for at least 3 seconds.



Press for at least 3 seconds.

Step 3:

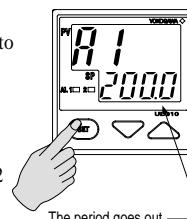
Press the ∇ or \triangle key to change the current A1 setpoint to a required setpoint. In this example, A1 is changed to 200°C.



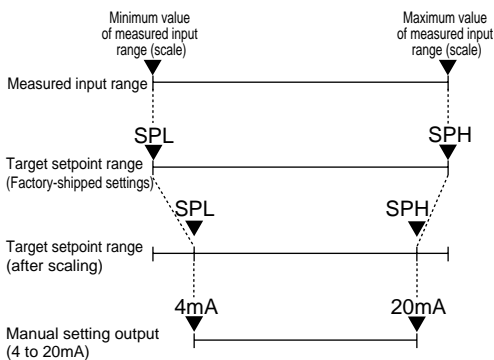
The period flashes while the setpoint is being changed.

Step 4:

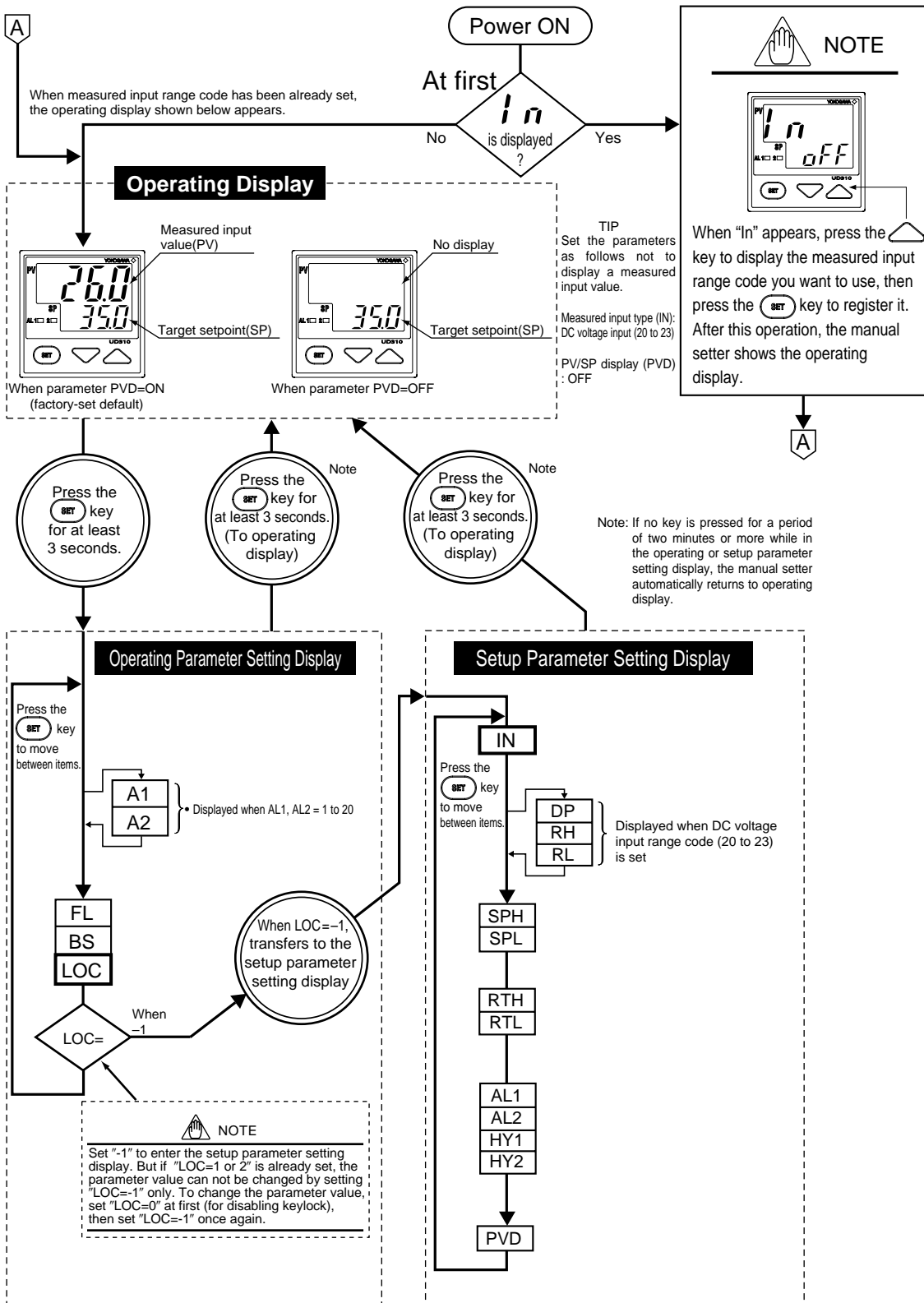
Press the SET key once to register the setpoint. The period goes out. A1 is now changed. Another press of the SET key calls up the Alarm 2 setpoint(A2) display. To return to the operating display, press the SET key for at least 3 seconds.



The period goes out.



Changing certain setup parameter may automatically initialize the operating parameters. Therefore, after you change the setup parameters, always check the operating parameter setpoints to find out if appropriate values have been set for them. If the operating parameters have been initialized, set them to their appropriate values.

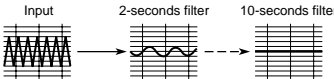


NOTE

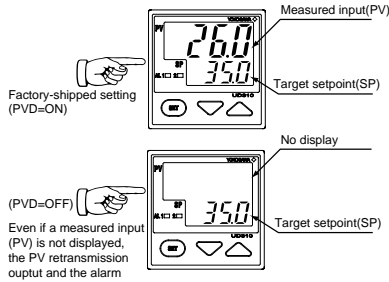
Changing certain setup parameters may automatically initialize the operating parameters. Therefore, after you change the setup parameters, always check the operating parameter settings to find out if appropriate values have been set for them. If the operation parameters have been initialized, set them to their appropriate values.

Parameter Lists

(1) Operating Parameters : Parameters changed rather frequently during operation.

| Code | Name | Setting range and unit | Default | User setting |
|-------------------|------------------|---|---|--------------|
| A1 <i>A1</i> | Alarm 1 setpoint | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PV alarm Unit: °C/°F Setting range: [minimum value - (maximum value - minimum value)] to maximum value of measured input range (scale) | Depends on the alarm 1 type. | |
| A2 <i>A2</i> | Alarm 2 setpoint | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Deviation alarm Unit: °C/°F Setting range: -100 to 100% of the measured input range (scale) span | Depends on the alarm 2 type. | |
| FL <i>FL</i> | PV input filter | <p>OFF, 1 to 120 seconds</p> <p>This function should be used when the PV display value may fluctuate greatly, for example, when the measured input signal contains noise. The filter is of the first-order lag type, and FL sets the time constant. If a larger time constant is set, the filter can remove more noise.</p>  | OFF | |
| BS <i>BS</i> | PV input bias | <p>-100 to 100% of measured input range (scale) span</p> <p>This function adds a bias value to the measured input value, and the result is used for display and retransmission output.</p> $\boxed{\text{PV value inside the manual setter}} = \boxed{\text{measured input value}} + \boxed{\text{PV input bias}}$ <p>This function is useful for carrying out fine adjustment when the PV value is within the required accuracy but it differs from the value obtained by other equipment.</p> | 0% of measured input range (scale) span | |
| LOC <i>LoL</i> | Key lock | <p>0: No key lock</p> <p>1: Prevents parameter from being changed of except for SP in the operating display.</p> <p>2: Prevents all parameter changing operations including SP in the operating display.</p> <p>-1: Set "-1" to enter the setup parameter setting display.</p> <p>But if "LOC=1 or 2" is already set, the parameter value can not be changed by setting "LOC=-1" only. To change the parameter value, set "LOC=0" at first (for disabling keylock), then set "LOC=-1" once again.</p> | 0 | |

(2) Setup Parameters : Parameters rarely changed in normal use after once having been set.

| Code | Name | Setting range and unit | Default | User setting |
|-------------------|---|---|---|--------------|
| IN <i>ln</i> | Measured input type | 1 to 23, 31 to 48 (See input range code list.) OFF: No input (If no input type is specified at the time of ordering, you must set the input type.) | OFF, or the input range code specified with order | |
| DP <i>dp</i> | Decimal point position of measured input | (Displayed at voltage input) 0: No decimal place (nnnn) 1: One decimal place (nnn.n) 2: Two decimal places (nn.nn) 3: Three decimal places (n.nnn) | 1 | |
| RH <i>rH</i> | Maximum value of measured input scale | (Displayed at voltage input) (RL + 1) to 9999 | 100.0 | |
| RL <i>rL</i> | Minimum value of measured input scale | (Displayed at voltage input) -1999 to (RH - 1) | 0.0 | |
| SPH <i>SPH</i> | Maximum value of target setpoint range (Setpoint for manual setting output 20mA) | SPH setting range: (SPL+1 digit) to the maximum value of the measured input range (scale) ; Unit: °C/°F | Maximum value of measured input range (scale) | |
| SPL <i>SPL</i> | Minimum value of target setpoint range (Setpoint for manual setting output 4mA) | SPL setting range: Minimum value of the measured input range (scale) to (SPH - 1 digit) ; Unit: °C/°F | | |
| RTH <i>rTH</i> | Maximum value of retransmission output | Temperature input : Within measured input range Voltage input : (RTL+1 digit) to max. value of measured input scale(RH) Min. value of measured input scale(RL) to (RTH-1 digit) However, RTL<RTH | Maximum value of measured input range (scale) | |
| RTL <i>rTL</i> | Minimum value of retransmission output | Retransmission range (Factory-set default) Retransmission range (after scaling) Retransmission output (4 to 20mA) | Minimum value of measured input range (scale) | |
| AL1 <i>AL1</i> | Alarm 1 type | OFF or a value from 1 to 22 (see the table of alarm function list), and either | OFF | |
| AL2 <i>AL2</i> | Alarm 2 type | | OFF | |
| HY1 <i>HY1</i> | Alarm 1 hysteresis | 0.0 to 100.0% of measured input range (scale) span Unit: °C/°F | 0.5% of measured input range (scale) span | |
| HY2 <i>HY2</i> | Alarm 2 hysteresis | | 0.5% of measured input range (scale) span | |
| PVD <i>PVD</i> | PV/SP display | ON: Displays PV (measured input) and SP (target setpoint) OFF: Displays SP (target setpoint)  | ON | |

Description of Measured Input

Example of Temperature Input

Parameters to be set for temperature input.

- Measured input type (IN) : Set according to a sensor.

Note : Display scale can not be changed.

Example of Voltage Input

Parameters to be set for voltage input.

- Measured input type (IN) : Set according to an input signal.
- Decimal point position of measured input (DP) : Set the position of the decimal point for measured input display.
- Maximum value of measured input scale (RH) : Set the maximum value of the scale. (Set the display value at maximum value of input signal.)
- Minimum value of measured input scale (RL) : Set the minimum value of the scale. (Set the display value at minimum value of input signal.)

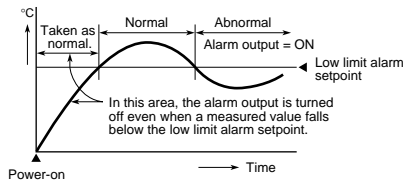
Description of Alarm Functions

■ Alarm Function List

| Alarm type | Action <small>("On" and "Cls" indicate that the relay contact is opened and closed; "on" and "off" indicate that the lamp is on and off; and white triangles indicate temperature setpoints.)</small> | Alarm type code | | Alarm type | Action <small>("On" and "Cls" indicate that the relay contact is opened and closed; "on" and "off" indicate that the lamp is on and off; and white triangles indicate temperature setpoints.)</small> | Alarm type code | |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Closed contact during alarm | Open contact during alarm | | | Closed contact during alarm | Open contact during alarm |
| No alarm | | OFF | | | | | |
| PV high limit | | 1 | | De-energized on deviation low limit | | 6 | |
| | | 11 <small>(See note.)</small> | | | | 16 <small>(See note.)</small> | |
| PV low limit | | 2 | | Deviation high and low limit | | 7 | |
| | | 12 <small>(See note.)</small> | | | | 17 <small>(See note.)</small> | |
| Deviation high limit | | 3 | | Deviation within high and -low-limit | | 8 | |
| | | 13 <small>(See note.)</small> | | | | 18 <small>(See note.)</small> | |
| Deviation low limit | | 4 | | De-energized on PV high limit | | 9 | |
| | | 14 <small>(See note.)</small> | | | | 19 <small>(See note.)</small> | |
| De-energized on deviation high limit | | | 5 | De-energized on PV low limit | | 10 | |
| | | | 15 <small>(See note.)</small> | | | 20 <small>(See note.)</small> | |
| Fault diagnosis alarm | The contact is closed at input burnout. | 21 | | FAIL output | The output contact is opened in the following events: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Program error • ROM error • RAM error • power failure • A/D converter error • RJC error • EEPROM error | 22 | |

Note: The alarms numbered 1 to 10 have no waiting action, while alarms 11 to 20 have a waiting action.
 The waiting action turns off the PV and deviation alarms that occur from the start of the control operation until a stable state is reached.

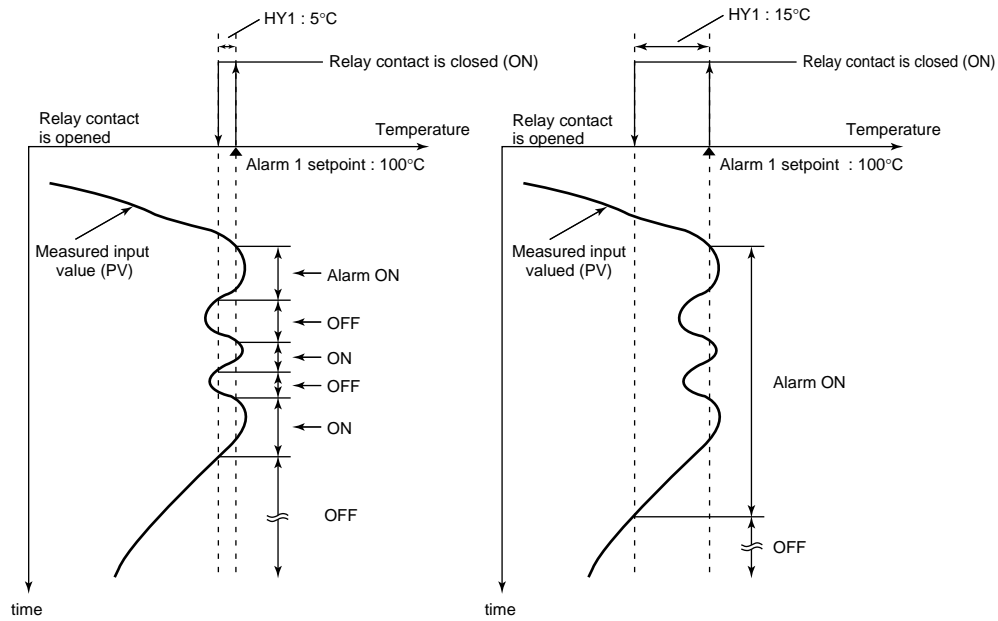
Waiting action



Description of Alarm hysteresis

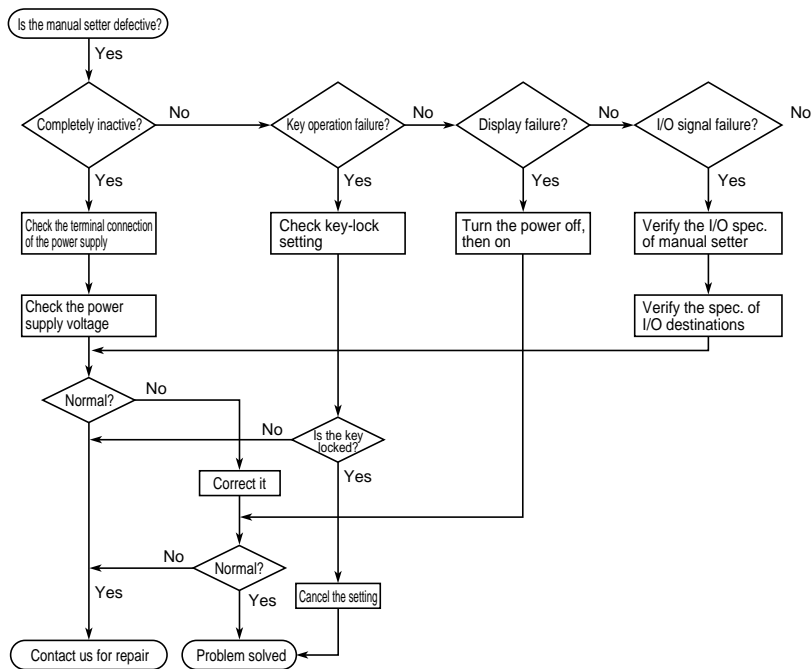
The alarms are output as relay outputs. Since a relay has a limited service life, excessive on/off actions will shorten the life of the relay. To prevent this, you can set a hysteresis for both alarm 1 and alarm 2 to moderate excessive on/off actions.

< PV High Limit Alarm >



8. TROUBLESHOOTING

In the event of an abnormality, perform the following checks as outlined by the flowchart.



■ Error Display during Operation

(1) If the manual setter displays one of the following, carry out the appropriate remedy for the particular error.

| Display | Error content | Remedy |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| <i>P.Er</i> P.Er | The parameter is abnormal | Check the setpoints of all the parameters and set them at their proper values. |
| <i>b.o</i> B.o | Input burnout | Check the sensor wiring and correct it. Not display when the setup parameter PVD=OFF. |
| <i>000</i> OOO <i>UUU</i> UUU | PV over-scale (PV exceeds its effective range.) PV under-scale (PV falls below its effective range.) | Check the measured input type and scale settings and correct them. Not display when the setup parameter PVD=OFF. |
| No PV display | | Set the setup parameter PVD=ON to display PV. |

(2) The manual setter needs to be repaired if any of the indications in the table below appear.

In these cases, do not try to repair the manual setter yourself.

Order a new manual setter or contact us for repair.

| Display | Error content | Display | Error content |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Unknown (at power-on) | CPU failure | Flashing "Err" (at power-on) | RAM or ROM failure |
| All extinguished (at power-on) | Power source failure | Flashing "Err" (during operation) | A/D converter failure, RJC failure, or EEPROM failure |
| "Err" (at power-on) | Calibration abnormal | | |

■ When Power Failure Occurred during Operation

- Momentary power failures shorter than 20ms (or shorter than 1ms when "/V24" is specified). have no effect on the manual setter operation (i.e., normal operation continues).
- For power failures of 20ms or longer(or 1ms or longer when "/V24" is specified), however the status will be as follows.

(The manual setter action at power recovery is the same as at power-on.)

- Alarm action: Continues (but alarms with a waiting action enter the waiting state once)
- Setting parameters : Maintained

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